GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

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Board of Education and Administrative Staff

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GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT JUNE 30, 2018

BOARD OF EDUCATION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Graves County School District Mayfield, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Graves County School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Graves County School District as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2018, the Graves County School District adopted a new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions (OPEB), which resulted in a restatement of the District's July 1, 2017 net position in the amount of (\$14,497,057). Our opinion is not modified with respected to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension schedules and postemployment benefits schedules on pages 4–14, 64-66 and 67-83 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and combining and individual school activity fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, combining and individual school activity fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, combining and individual school activity fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 13, 2018, on our consideration of Graves County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Graves County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Graves County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Certified Public Accountants Hopkinsville, Kentucky

November 13, 2018



As management of the Graves County School District (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The ending cash and investments balance for the District was \$3,423,783, as compared with the beginning cash balance of \$4,298,643. The ending cash and investments balance consists of General Fund of \$1,045,961, other governmental funds of \$412,869, Food Service Fund of \$1,239,809, Private Purpose Trust Fund of \$182,646 and School Activity Funds of \$542,498.
- Excluding interfund transfers, the General Fund had \$37,227,061 in revenue, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK) funds, property, utilities, motor vehicle and in lieu of taxes, and on-behalf payments for fringe benefits from the Commonwealth of Kentucky. General Fund revenues increased \$2,815,626 in comparison to prior year of \$34,411,435. Excluding interfund transfers, there were General Fund expenditures totaling \$38,183,860. This is an increase of \$2,956,379 compared to \$35,227,481 in General Fund expenditures for the prior year.
- During FY18, the District received \$16,453,179 in state Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) funds, a reduction of \$748,434 from the previous year. This reduction is a result of a decline of 121.66 students in average daily attendance, and a \$50,968,643 increase in property assessments that netted an additional \$152,906 withholding at the state level for our 30-cent local effort.
- Property Tax Revenue collection rate was down 2% from FY17 resulting in \$300,602 less revenue than the previous year in property taxes.
- While transportation was once funded by the state at 100% of the District cost, the SEEK calculation in FY18 included transportation funding at only 57.3% of total cost. The District purchased 3 new buses with FY18 funds.
- The District expense for "matching" contributions to the Kentucky Teacher Retirement System (KTRS) for FY18 remained at 3.0% for all certified employees for a total General Fund District cost of \$483,592.
- Most classified employees contribute to County Employees Retirement System (CERS). The
 District expense for "matching" contributions for FY18 increased 2.4% from 18.68% in FY17 to
 19.13% in FY18 for a total of \$1,076,162.

 The financial statements reflect a total of \$12,245,560 of revenues and aid from the state for payments made by the state on-behalf of District employees for retirement contributions, health insurance, debt service and technology. A like amount of expenses is also recorded in the financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements – The government-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and the District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources – is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, the reader needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, all the District's activities are reported as governmental activities.

• Governmental activities – All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and state formula aid finance most of the activities.

Fund financial statements – The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds*, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (like federal grants).

The District has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, the District provides additional information with the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds The District's proprietary funds are food service and day care. The proprietary fund statements are the same as the business-type activities in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.
- Fiduciary funds The District is a fiduciary for assets that belong to others and is responsible for ensuring that assets reported in the fiduciary funds are used only for their intended purposes. The District's fiduciary funds consist of student activities funds and a private purpose trust fund. These funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because the assets cannot be used to finance the operations of the District.

Notes to the financial statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also provides certain required supplementary information, as well as combining and individual fund statements and schedules beginning on page 84.

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$1,292,341 as of June 30, 2018.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

A significant portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress) less any outstanding related debt used to acquire those assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Following is a summary of the District's government-wide net position as of June 30, 2018 and 2017:

Net Position as of June 30, 2018 and 2017

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Distric	t Total		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Assets			_					
Current assets and								
other assets	\$ 2,314,527	\$ 3,181,991	\$ 1,262,753	\$ 1,093,323	\$ 3,577,280	\$ 4,275,314		
Capital assets	43,915,226	45,948,180	2,213,607	2,297,865	46,128,833	48,246,045		
Total assets	46,229,753	49,130,171	3,476,360	3,391,188	49,706,113	52,521,359		
Deferred outflows								
of resources	5,704,815	3,377,376	1,057,761	617,018	6,762,576	3,994,394		
Liabilities								
Current liabilities	593,350	778,197	153,352	483	746,702	778,680		
Noncurrent liabilities	49,710,378	34,870,749	3,148,221	1,980,847	52,858,599	36,851,596		
Total liabilities	50,303,728	35,648,946	3,301,573	1,981,330	53,605,301	37,630,276		
Deferred inflows								
of resources	1,334,165	293,728	236,882	45,814	1,571,047	339,542		
Net position								
Investment in capital								
assets (net of debt)	21,450,941	21,259,167	2,213,607	2,297,865	23,664,548	23,557,032		
Restricted	412,819	453,030	-	-	412,819	453,030		
Unrestricted	(21,567,085)	(5,147,324)	(1,217,941)	(316,803)	(22,785,026)	(5,464,127)		
Total net position	\$ 296,675	\$ 16,564,873	\$ 995,666	\$ 1,981,062	\$ 1,292,341	\$ 18,545,935		

Change in net position. The District's governmental activities net position decreased by (\$16,268,198), which includes the prior period adjustment of (\$13,902,669) for the implementation of GASB 75 and (\$2,365,529) net loss from current year operations. The business-type activities net position decreased by (\$985,396), which includes the prior period adjustment of (\$594,388) for the implementation of GASB 75 and (\$391,008) net loss from current year operations.

The Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission (SFCC) makes direct payments of principal and interest on District bonds issued for construction of facilities. The bonds payable are included in the long-term obligations for the District, and the payments are recorded as revenue from the State. The result is an increase in net position from the direct payment of principal and interest by the SFCC of \$992,258. Another increase is the expenditure of current revenues on capital assets, an expenditure that does not reduce net position on the government-wide statements.

The District's financial position is the product of many factors. For example, the determination of the District's investment in capital assets, net of related debt, involves many assumptions and estimates, such as current and accumulated depreciation amounts. Changes in variables such as estimated depreciable lives or capitalization policies may produce significant differences in the calculated amounts.

Following is a summary of changes in the District's net position for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017:

Changes in Net Position for the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Distric	t Total
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 429,513	\$ 271,157	\$ 429,513	\$ 271,157
Operating grants and						
contributions	14,871,787	7 12,062,165	2,738,142	2,751,861	17,609,929	14,814,026
Capital grants and	000.05	000 400			000.050	000 400
contributions	992,258	996,499	-	-	992,258	996,499
General revenues:	6,708,826	6,546,548			6,708,826	6,546,548
Property taxes Other taxes	2,783,04		_	-	2,783,044	2,900,346
State aid	18,063,81		306,230	268,174	18,370,041	
	64,820				86,715	19,044,357
Investment earnings			21,895	5,959		38,707
Other	737,929	518,746	2,302	643	740,231	519,389
Total revenues	44,222,475	41,833,235	3,498,082	3,297,794	47,720,557	45,131,029
Expenses:						
Instruction	29,482,800	25,096,501	-	-	29,482,800	25,096,501
Support services:						
Student	2,975,813	3 2,619,463	-	-	2,975,813	2,619,463
Instructional support	1,850,700	2,053,426	-	-	1,850,700	2,053,426
District administration	1,378,61	1,268,341	-	-	1,378,615	1,268,341
School administration	2,527,350	2,271,392	-	-	2,527,350	2,271,392
Business support	633,652		-	-	633,652	416,617
Plant operations	3,527,616		-	-	3,527,616	3,769,024
Student transportation	3,142,717		_	-	3,142,717	2,838,711
Community services	427,284		_	_	427,284	421,207
Interest on long-term debt	759,66		-	_	759,661	796,608
Bond issuance costs	6,796		-	_	6,796	114,508
Day care	-	-	346,699	_	346,699	-
Food service			3,417,391	3,188,570	3,417,391	3,188,570
Total expenses	46,713,004	41,665,798	3,764,090	3,188,570	50,477,094	44,854,368
Change in net position						
before transfers	(2,490,529	9) 167,437	(266,008)	109,224	(2,756,537)	276,661
Transfers in (out)	125,000	15,263	(125,000)	(15,263)		
Ohamaa in met waalti aw						
Change in net position after transfers	\$ (2,365,529	9) \$ 182,700	\$ (391,008)	\$ 93,961	\$ (2,756,537)	\$ 276,661

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, The District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,844,797, a decrease of \$834,498 in comparison to the prior year. The following schedule indicates the fund balances and the total changes in fund balances by major fund and other governmental (nonmajor) funds as reported in the basic financial statements for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

The main sources of the General Fund's revenues are state aid in the form of SEEK allocations and locally assessed taxes. The majority of the District's activities are accounted for in the General Fund. The Special Revenue Fund consists of grant revenues, mostly state funds and federal funds administered through the state, and expenditures of those grants for specific programs in accordance with the grants' guidelines.

The SEEK Capital Outlay Fund's revenues are derived from state SEEK allowances based upon student enrollment. The FSPK Building Fund's revenues are produced by a five-cent special property tax assessment and matching state funds. The use of both funds' resources is generally restricted to facilities acquisition or improvement and payment of the related debt on facilities. The Construction Fund is used to account for facility construction and improvement projects funded by other funds or borrowing.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all activities related to long-term obligations.

Following is a summary of fund balances as of June 30, 2018 and 2017:

Governmental Funds Balances as of June 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017	Increase (Decrease)
Governmental Funds			-
General Fund	\$ 1,431,978	\$ 2,226,265	\$ (794,287)
Construction Fund	213,691	235,200	(21,509)
Capital Outlay Fund	180,867	216,833	(35,966)
District Activity Fund	 18,261	997	 17,264
Total governmental funds	\$ 1,844,797	\$ 2,679,295	\$ (834,498)
~			

General Fund – The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund is \$1,282,978, while total fund balance reached \$1,844,797. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 3.36% of the total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 3.75% of that same amount.

During the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the General Fund decreased by \$794,287. Revenues, transfers in and proceeds from disposal of fixed assets totaling \$37,479,230 increased \$2,989,100, while expenditures and transfers out totaling \$38,273,517 increased \$2,961,424.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In accordance with directives from the Kentucky Department of Education (DOE) and Kentucky law, the budgets of the District's funds are prepared to account for most transactions on a cash receipt/cash disbursement basis. The DOE requires a budget in which any budgeted remaining fund balance is shown as a contingency expense and any amounts being accumulated for other purposes ultimately shown as unspent or over-budgeted expenditures. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a General Fund budget with a contingency of 3.90% Over the course of the year, the District revises the annual operating budget as circumstances dictate or as required by DOE.

The note accompanying the Budgetary Comparison Schedules in the Required Supplementary Information, indicates the General Fund budget included \$10,986,929 of state payments on-behalf of District employees for retirement and health benefits, technology and debt service. These payments are reflected as state program revenues and in each type of expenditure in relation to wages paid, with the major portion contained in instructional expenditures. Local revenues are budgeted conservatively resulting in a favorable variance of local revenues for the year.

- The District's total revenues for General Fund activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, excluding interfund transfers and beginning balances, were \$37,227,061 compared to the total budgeted revenues of \$34,269,517.
- The District's total expenditures for General Fund activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, excluding interfund transfers, were \$38,183,860 compared to the total budgeted expenditures of \$36,202,354.

Significant Board action that impacts the finances includes no salary increase for District employees, staffing reductions, reduction in bus purchases, elimination of textbook purchases and limiting facility improvements and major purchases throughout the District.

Fund 2 is made up of state, local and federal grants. These grants include Title programs, IDEA B special education and preschool funding, Flex Focus state dollars and others. These funds have restricted use, according to the guidelines for each. Expenses include salaries and benefits, supplies, programming costs and travel and training costs.

Funds 310 and 320 are restricted funds for capital projects. The District has used those funds for debt service payments. The State contributes to those funds.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets – At June 30, 2018, the District had \$46,128,834 invested in capital assets net of depreciation: historical cost totaled \$76,194,936 with accumulated depreciation totaling \$30,066,102. These assets include school, athletic and support facilities, as well as technology, food service and other equipment. Funds in the amount of \$326,043 were expended on acquisition and improvements during the year. Depreciation charged to expense during the year totaled \$2,459,754, the majority of which was charged to governmental functions. More detailed information relating to capital assets may be found in Note 3 to the financial statements.

Following is a summary of capital assets, net of depreciation, as of June 30, 2018 and 2017:

Net Capital Assets as of June 30, 2018 and 2017

	 Government	al A	ctivities	Business-type		ess-type Activities			Distri	ct T	t Total		
	2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017		
Land	\$ 1,482,708	\$	1,473,208	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,482,708	\$	1,473,208		
Construction													
in progress	7,000		-		-		-		7,000		-		
Buildings and													
improvements	31,632,071		32,693,029		2,034,967		2,082,420		33,667,038		34,775,449		
Land improvements	76,668		84,872		-		-		76,668		84,872		
Technology equipment	(10,627)		3,075		1,567		1,567		(9,060)		4,642		
Vehicles	1,644,874		1,732,944		-		-		1,644,874		1,732,944		
General equipment	8,993,574		9,858,102		177,073		213,878		9,170,647		10,071,980		
Infrastructure	54,558		59,950		-		-		54,558		59,950		
Property under													
capital lease	34,400		43,000		-		-		34,400		43,000		
	\$ 43,915,226	\$	45,948,180	\$	2,213,607	\$	2,297,865	\$	46,128,833	\$	48,246,045		

Long-Term Debt – The District's long-term general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2018 were \$22,555,000. Of that amount, the Kentucky SFCC has agreed to make a portion of the principal and interest payment under agreements previously described. Though the District is liable for the full amount of the bonds and the full amount is recorded on the financial statements, the SFCC has agreed to pay \$7,986,968 of the bonds leaving the District to pay \$14,568,032. The liability for compensated absences remained steady for the fiscal year. Other long-term obligations, mostly leases on buses and office equipment, will decrease as the leases are paid down.

The State must approve the issuance of any new bonds of the District.

More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities may be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

OUTLOOK FOR THE FUTURE

The most crucial aspect in the financial future of the District is continued adequate funding from the state. The District's major source of revenue is state aid, primarily Kentucky SEEK funding. A factor in that SEEK formula is base funding driven by average daily attendance, and the District faces the challenges of a declining population linked to the struggling local economy.

The District's financial position is contingent upon legislation and factors related to property taxation in conjunction with decisions made by the District's Board management. Though local property assessments continue to rise, the SEEK reduction based upon the required 30-cent local levy on those assessments and our low property tax rate – currently 13th lowest in the state – have produced little significant, additional revenue on which the District can strengthen its financial position substantially.

The District remains committed to utilizing resources to provide the maximum benefit to students and provide them with a quality education. This involves closely monitoring legislation, effectively managing our grant resources, controlling expenditures and seeking new sources of revenues. The District has several critical facility needs that exceed its short-term bonding potential, providing a challenge to maintain quality facilities with available resources. The Superintendent and Finance Officer work with the members of the Board to insure there are controlled expenditures for capital outlay that may arise without causing a decrease to the funding for the education and safety of our students.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations and demonstrate the District's commitment to public accountability. Questions regarding this report should be directed to Kim Dublin, Superintendent, (270.328.1554) or to Jimmilyn Hancock, Finance Officer, (270.328.1544) or by mail at 2290 State Route 121 North, Mayfield, KY 42066.



GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	G	overnmental Activities		Business- Type Activities	Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,458,830	\$	1,239,809	\$ 2,698,639
Accounts receivable:					
Taxes		263,806		-	263,806
Other		96,749		348	97,097
Intergovernmental - state		8,950		-	8,950
Intergovernmental - indirect federal		332,840		-	332,840
Interfund receivable		153,352		-	153,352
Inventory		-		22,596	22,596
Capital assets:				,	,
Non-depreciable		1,489,708		_	1,489,708
Depreciable (net)		42,425,518		2,213,607	44,639,125
Doprociable (not)		12, 120,010	_	2,210,007	 11,000,120
Total assets		46,229,753		3,476,360	 49,706,113
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred pension and postemployment benefits		5,282,985		1,057,761	6,340,746
Deferred amount on debt refundings		421,830		-	421,830
3.				-,	
Total deferred outflows of resources		5,704,815		1,057,761	 6,762,576
Liabilities					
Interfund payable		-		153,352	153,352
Accounts payable		82,648		-	82,648
Unearned revenue		359,888		-	359,888
Accrued interest		150,814		_	150,814
Noncurrent obligations		,			,
Portion due or payable within one year:					
Bonds payable		2,300,000		_	2,300,000
Claims		137,463		_	137,463
Portion due or payable after one year		101,100			101,100
Bonds payable		20,164,285		-	20,164,285
Compensated absences		334,459		44,583	379,042
Net pension and postemployment benefits liabilities		26,774,171		3,103,638	29,877,809
развана достопрој				0,:00,000	
Total liabilities		50,303,728		3,301,573	 53,605,301
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred pension and postemployment benefits		1,334,165		236,882	1,571,047
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,334,165		236,882	1,571,047
Net Position					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		21,450,941		2,213,607	23,664,548
Restricted		412,819		-	412,819
Unrestricted		(21,567,085)		(1,217,941)	(22,785,026)
Total net position	\$	296,675	\$	995,666	\$ 1,292,341

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

				Proc	gram Revenue	S				
		Charg	jes		Operating		Capital			
		for			Grants &	Grants &			Net (Expenses)	
	Expenses	Servic	es	C	Contributions	Co	ntributions		Revenues	
unctions/Programs										
Governmental Activities:										
Current:	Ф 00 400 000	œ.		Φ.	40 574 000	Φ.		Ф	(40.040.004)	
Instruction	\$ 29,482,800	\$	-	\$	10,571,866	\$	-	\$	(18,910,934)	
Support services: Student	2,975,813				1 100 050				(4.050.563)	
Instructional staff	1,850,700		-		1,123,250 913,056		-		(1,852,563 (937,644	
District administration	1,378,615		-		178,607		-		(1,200,008	
School administration	2,527,350				840,300		_		(1,687,050	
Business	633,652		_		114,744		_		(518,908	
Plant operation and maintenance	3,527,616		_		270,960		_		(3,256,656	
Student transportation	3,142,717		_		442,775		_		(2,699,942	
Community service activities	427,284		_		416,229		_		(11,055	
Facilities acquisition and construction	6,796		_		-10,223		_		(6,796	
Interest on long-term debt	759,661		_		_		992,258		232,597	
interest on long term dest	700,001						332,200		202,007	
Total governmental activities	46,713,004		-		14,871,787		992,258		(30,848,959	
Business-Type Activities:										
Food service	3,417,391	256	,267		2,731,900		-		(429,224	
Day care services	346,699	173	,246		6,242				(167,211	
Total business-type activities	3,764,090	429	,513		2,738,142				(596,435	
Total activities	\$ 50,477,094	\$ 429	,513	\$	17,609,929	\$	992,258	\$	(31,445,394	
					overnmental				Tatal	
					Activities		ctivities		Total	
Changes in Net Position Net revenues (expenses)				\$	(30,848,959)	\$	(596,435)	\$	(31,445,394	
General Revenues										
Taxes:										
Property					6,708,826		-		6,708,826	
Motor vehicle					955,690		-		955,690	
Utilities					1,568,227		-		1,568,227	
Other					259,127		-		259,127	
Investment earnings					64,820		21,895		86,715	
State aid and formula grants					18,063,811		306,230		18,370,041	
Gain (loss) on sale of fixed assets					95,534		-		95,534	
Miscellaneous					642,395		2,302		644,697	
Total general revenues					28,358,430		330,427		28,688,857	
Change in net position					(2,490,529)		(266,008)		(2,756,537	
Transfers in (out)					125,000		(125,000)		-	
Change in net position after transfers					(2,365,529)		(391,008)		(2,756,537	
Net position, July 1, 2017					16,564,873		1,981,062		18,545,935	
Implementation of GASB 75 (Note 17)					(13,902,669)		(594,388)		(14,497,057	
Net position, July 1, 2017, restated					2,662,204		1,386,674		4,048,878	

See accompanying notes to financial statements



GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable:	\$	1,045,961	\$ -	\$	412,869	\$ 1,458,830
Taxes		263,806	_		-	263,806
Other		96,749	_		_	96,749
Interfund receivable		245,523				245,523
Intergovernmental - state			8,950		-	8,950
Intergovernmental - indirect federal			 332,840			332,840
Total assets	\$	1,652,039	\$ 341,790	\$	412,869	\$ 2,406,698
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities				_		
Accounts payable	\$	82,598	\$ -	\$	50	\$ 82,648
Interfund payable		-	92,171		-	92,171
Claims		137,463	-		-	137,463
Unearned revenue		-	 249,619			249,619
Total liabilities		220,061	 341,790		50	561,901
Fund balances						
Nonspendable		-	-		-	-
Spendable:						
Restricted		-	-		412,819	412,819
Committed		149,000	-		-	149,000
Assigned		-	-		-	-
Unassigned		1,282,978				1,282,978
Total fund balances		1,431,978	<u>-</u>		412,819	1,844,797
Total liabilities						
and fund balances	\$	1,652,039	\$ 341,790	\$	412,869	\$ 2,406,698

See accompanying notes to financial statements

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITON JUNE 30, 2018

Total fund balance per fund financial statements	\$ 1,844,797
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$72,130,456, and the accumulated depreciation is \$28,215,230.	43,915,226
Governmental funds record losses on debt refundings as other financing uses when the issues are refunded. Unamortized losses on refundings are included on the government-wide financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources.	421,830
Advance payments received from the Murray Head Start program for building and equipment costs are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds, but are reported as unearned revenue in the statement of net position.	(110,269)
Pension and postemployment benefits related items: Deferred outflow of resources Deferred inflow of resources Unfunded pension and postemployment benefits liabilities	5,282,985 (1,334,165) (26,774,171)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:	

\$ (22,464,285)

(150,814)

(334,459)

(22,949,558)

296,675

Bond obligations

Accrued interest on bonds

Net position for governmental activities

Noncurrent portion of accumulated sick leave

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	General	Special Revenue	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
REVENUES	<u>Fund</u>	Fund	Funds	Funds
From local sources:				
Taxes				
Property	\$ 5,821,442	\$ -	\$ 887,384	\$ 6,708,826
Motor vehicle	955,690	-	-	955,690
Utilities	1,568,227	-	-	1,568,227
Other	259,127	-	-	259,127
Student activities	21,685	-	4,500	26,185
Earnings on investments	60,533	-	4,287	64,820
Other local revenues	568,548	12,843	34,819	616,210
Intergovernmental - state	27,577,440	1,762,176	1,995,572	31,335,188
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	394,369	-	-	394,369
Intergovernmental - federal		2,198,299		2,198,299
Total revenues	37,227,061	3,973,318	2,926,562	44,126,941
EXPENDITURES				
Current:	00 007 505	0.575.005	00.400	05 000 000
Instruction Support services:	23,237,595	2,575,305	23,498	25,836,398
Student	2,889,615	100,159	_	2,989,774
Instructional staff	1,004,480	831,508	_	1,835,988
District administration	1,415,214	383	-	1,415,597
School administration	2,520,280	-	-	2,520,280
Business	625,025	7,909	-	632,934
Plant operation and maintenance	3,498,682	-	(1,443)	3,497,239
Student transportation	2,989,489	92,400	-	3,081,889
Community service activities	3,480	423,676	-	427,156
Building improvements	-	-	25,796	25,796
Debt service			2,918,922	2,918,922
Total expenditures	38,183,860	4,031,340	2,966,773	45,181,973
Excess (deficit) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(956,799)	(58,022)	(40,211)	(1,055,032)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets	95,534	-	-	95,534
Operating transfers in	156,635	89,657	2,144,741	2,391,033
Operating transfers out	(89,657)	(31,635)	(2,144,741)	(2,266,033)
Total other financing sources (uses)	162,512	58,022		220,534
Net changes in fund balances	(794,287)	-	(40,211)	(834,498)
Fund balances, July 1, 2017	2,226,265		453,030	2,679,295
Fund balances, June 30, 2018	\$ 1,431,978	\$ -	\$ 412.819	\$ 1,844,797

See accompanying notes to financial statements

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net change in total fund balances per fund financial statements

\$ (834,498)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of these assets are allocated over estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.

Capital outlay	\$ 342,543	
Depreciation expense	(2,375,497)	(2,032,954)

In the statement of activities, only the gain (loss) on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the remaining book value of the asset sold.

Advance payments received in prior year from the Murray Head Start program are recorded as unearned revenue.

7,310

Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and, thus, contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds financial statements but is a reduction of the liability in the statement of net position.

Bond payments 2,230,000

Some items reported in the statement of activities do not involve current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities are:

Deferred pension and postemployment benefits amounts	(1,725,498)	
Amortization of bond discount	(5,997)	
Amortization of gain/loss on debt refunding	(72,575)	
Amortization of bond premium	725	
Decrease in accrued interest payable	7,108	
Decrease in compensated absences	60,850	(1,735,3

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ (2,365,529)

,387)



GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	School Food Service Fund	Day Care Fund	Total	
ASSETS	Gervice r una	1 dild	Total	
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,239,809	\$ -	\$ 1,239,809	
Accounts receivable	348	-	348	
Inventory	22,596		22,596	
Total current assets	1,262,753		1,262,753	
Noncurrent assets				
Capital assets	4,064,480	-	4,064,480	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,850,873)		(1,850,873)	
Total noncurrent assets	2,213,607		2,213,607	
Total assets	3,476,360		3,476,360	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred pension and postemployment benefits	1,057,761		1,057,761	
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,057,761		1,057,761	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Interfund payable		153,352	153,352	
Total current liabilities		153,352	153,352	
Noncurrent liabilities				
Compensated absences	44,583	-	44,583	
Net pension and postemployment benefits liabilities	3,103,638	<u> </u>	3,103,638	
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,148,221		3,148,221	
Total liabilities	3,148,221	153,352	3,301,573	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred pension and postemployment benefits	236,882		236,882	
Total deferred inflows of resources	236,882		236,882	
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	2,213,607	-	2,213,607	
Unrestricted	(1,064,589)	(153,352)	(1,217,941)	
Total net position	\$ 1,149,018	\$ (153,352)	\$ 995,666	

See accompanying notes to financial statements

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	School Food Service Day Care Fund Fund		 Total		
OPERATING REVENUES	•				
Lunchroom sales	\$	256,267	\$	-	\$ 256,267
Childcare fees		-		135,654	135,654
Other revenue		2,302	-	37,592	 39,894
Total operating revenues		258,569		173,246	 431,815
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries and wages		1,765,497		292,998	2,058,495
Materials and supplies		1,551,979		50,987	1,602,966
Depreciation		84,257		-	84,257
Contract services		9,072		2,714	11,786
Other operating expenses		6,586		_,· · · · -	6,586
Total operating expenses		3,417,391		346,699	3,764,090
Operating income (loss)		(3,158,822)		(173,453)	 (3,332,275)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Federal grants		2,525,341		6,242	2,531,583
Donated commodities		206,559		-	206,559
State grants		25,998		13,859	39,857
State on-behalf payments		266,373		-	266,373
Operating transfers (out)		(125,000)		_	(125,000)
Interest income		21,895		_	21,895
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		2,921,166		20,101	 2,941,267
Change in net position		(237,656)		(153,352)	(391,008)
Net position, July 1, 2017		1,981,062		-	1,981,062
Implementation of GASB 75 (Note 17)		(594,388)		<u>-</u>	(594,388)
Net position, July 1, 2017, restated		1,386,674		<u>-</u>	 1,386,674
Net position, June 30, 2018	\$	1,149,018	\$	(153,352)	\$ 995,666

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	School Fund Service Fund		Day Care Fund		Total	
Cash flows from operating activities						
Cash received from:						
Lunchroom sales	\$	257,655	\$	-	\$	257,655
Childcare fees				135,654		135,654
Other activities		2,302		37,592		39,894
Cash paid to/for:						
Employees		(1,175,811)		(292,998)		(1,468,809)
Supplies		(1,337,052)		(50,987)		(1,388,039)
Other activities		(15,659)		(2,714)		(18,373)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(2,268,565)		(173,453)		(2,442,018)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Operating transfers in (out)		(125,000)		-		(125,000)
Interfund payable				153,352		153,352
Government grants		2,551,339		20,101		2,571,440
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital						
financing activities		2,426,339		173,453		2,599,792
Cash flows from investing activities						
Receipt of interest income		21,895		-		21,895
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		21,895		-		21,895
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		179,669		-		179,669
Balances, beginning of year		1,060,140				1,060,140
Balances, end of year	\$	1,239,809	\$		\$	1,239,809

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS, continued PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	School Servi	ice	Day Care)	Takal
	Fun	<u>a</u> _	Fund		Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (3,15	58,822)	\$ (173,45	53) \$	(3,332,275)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities					
Depreciation	8	34,257	-		84,257
Donated commodities	20	06,559	-		206,559
State on-behalf payments	26	66,373	-		266,373
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Deferred pension and postemployment benefits amounts	29	97,226	-		297,226
Accounts receivable		1,388	-		1,388
Inventory		8,851	-		8,851
Compensated absences	2	26,087	-		26,087
Accounts payable		(484)	-		(484)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (2,26	<u> </u>	\$ (173,45	53) \$	(2,442,018)
Schedule of non-cash transactions:					
Donated commodities received from federal government	\$ 20	06,559	\$ -	\$	206,559
On-behalf payments	26	66,373	-		266,373



GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

400570	Private Purpose Trust Funds		Agency Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	182,646	\$ 542,498
Total assets		182,646	 542,498
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to grantors Due to student groups Total liabilities		- - - -	 - 542,498 542,498
NET POSITION	\$	182,646	\$

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Private Purpose Trust Funds
Additions:	
Contributions received	\$ 122,566
Miscellaneous revenue	 1,624
Total additions	 124,190
Deductions:	
Community services	 126,308
Total deductions	 126,308
Change in net position	(2,118)
Net position, July 1, 2017	 184,764
Net position, June 30, 2018	\$ 182,646



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Graves County School District (Board), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the Graves County School District (District). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not a component unit of any other governmental "reporting entity". Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the District. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the District, have not originated within the District itself such as band boosters, parent-teacher associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the District. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements. The Board authorized the establishment of the Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS 58.180) as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board Members of the Graves County School District also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for Fiduciary Funds. Interfund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

The government-wide statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the District at year-end. The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

Governmental Funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when measurable and available. The Board considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. These could include federal, state and county grants and some charges for services. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of the District's grant agreements, certain programs are funded by specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Generally, the District applies cost reimbursement funds first to finance such programs with remaining costs paid for with general revenues.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the General Fund be reported as a major fund. All other governmental and proprietary funds whose assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures comprise at least 10% of total for the relevant fund category and at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and proprietary funds combined must also be reported as major funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most District functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in the Proprietary Fund and Fiduciary Funds) are accounted for through Governmental Funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial resources rather than upon determination of net income. The following are the District's Governmental Funds:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

The *General Fund* is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.

The *Special Revenue Fund* accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes.

The Special Revenue (Grant) Fund includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods, as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

The Special Revenue District Activity Fund includes funds restricted to expenditures for purposes specified by Redbook requirements. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).

The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is generally restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.

The Facility Support Program of Kentucky Fund (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.

The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenue to be used for authorized construction.

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, bonded debt and lease obligations, interest and related costs.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for ongoing organizations and activities which are operated and financed in a manner similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon the determination of net income. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The funds' principal operating revenues are food service charges and day care fees. Operating expenses include salaries, benefits, supplies and depreciation on capital assets. All items not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The District has two proprietary funds:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program and the National School Breakfast Program, which are conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA and for on-behalf payments for retirement and health insurance paid by the State of Kentucky. This is a major fund of the District.

The Child Care Fund accounts for the day care operations of the District.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District on behalf of outside related organizations or on behalf of other funds within the District.

Agency Funds account for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the Kentucky Department of Education *Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds*. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenue Recognition

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. "Available" means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, "available" means expected to be received within 60 days after year-end.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Donated Commodities

The fair value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position as an expense and as a donated commodities revenue (nonoperating revenue).

Expenses/Expenditures

Using the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. In the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Property Taxes

Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fund for which they were levied. Property taxes are levied on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property located in the District. Taxes become delinquent after December 31.

The property tax rates for the year ended June 30, 2018, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.423 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.423 per \$100 valuation for business tangible personal property, and \$.464 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from furnishings, within the District, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of certain financial statement balances. Actual results could vary from those estimates.

Interfund Activity

Flows of cash from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds, and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and outstanding encumbrances at year-end are reappropriated in the next year. An assignment of fund balance equal to outstanding encumbrances at year-end is provided for at June 30, 2018. Accordingly, no differences exist between actual results and the applicable budgetary data presented in the accompanying combined financial statements.

Assets, Liabilities and Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and time deposits that are nonnegotiable, to be cash and cash equivalents, for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. This definition is also used for the proprietary fund's statements of cash flows.

Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is the amount reasonably expected to be received for an investment in a current sale between a willing buyer and a willing seller. Fixed income securities, real estate investment trusts (REITs), derivatives, and common and preferred stocks are valued based on published market prices and quotations from national security exchanges and securities pricing services. International stocks are then adjusted to reflect the current exchange rate of the underlying currency. Investments, for which no national exchanges or pricing services exist, such as private equity assets, are valued at fair value by the investment partnership based on the valuation methodology outlined in the partnership agreement. Real estate may be valued by the manager or independent appraisers. Commingled assets that are not traded on a national exchange are valued by the commingled manager. The District had no assets that met these criteria at June 30, 2018.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Prepaid Expenditures

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond the end of the fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase, and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market. The Food Service Fund uses the specific identification method and the General Fund uses the first-in, first-out method. The District's inventories include various items consisting of school supplies, paper, books, maintenance items, transportation items, commodities, etc. USDA commodities received from the Federal government are recorded at the value established by the Federal government using the average cost method.

Restricted Assets

Certain assets of the General Fund are classified as restricted assets because their use is restricted by KRS 157.420(3).

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as due from or to other funds. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as interfund balances.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets greater than \$5,000 are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

	Estimated Lives
Description	for Depreciation
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Food service equipment	12 years
General equipment	10-20 years

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Debt Premiums and Discounts

Unamortized premiums and discounts associated with bond issues are amortized over the lives of the related bonds using the straight-line method and are an addition (premium) or deduction (discount) to the debt balances in the government-wide statements.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are payments to employees for accumulated sick leave. These amounts also include the related employer's share of applicable taxes and retirement contributions. District employees may accumulate unused sick leave up to a specified amount depending on their date of hire. Sick leave is payable to employees upon termination or retirement at 30% of the current rate of pay on the date of termination or retirement. The District uses the termination method to calculate the compensated absences amounts. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following year. An expenditure is recognized in the governmental fund as payments come due each period, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences not recorded at the fund level represent a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Pensions and Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teacher's Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category: the deferred outflows of resources relate to the net pension liability described in Note 10, the OPEB liability described in Note 11 and the deferred amount on refunding of debt described in Note 4.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category: the deferred inflows of resources relate to the net pension liability as described in Note 10 and the OPEB liability described in Note 11.

Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Non-spendable</u> – Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

<u>Restricted</u> – Amounts which can be spent only for specific purposes because of state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

<u>Committed</u> – Amounts which can be used only for specific purposes determined by the Board of Education's formal action through a resolution.

<u>Assigned</u> – Includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned by the Board or Management. The Board adopted a resolution establishing the authority to assign funds.

Unassigned – All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

In governmental funds, when an expenditure is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is generally to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications – committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Net Position

Net positions represent the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources on the district-wide financial statements. Net positions are classified in the following categories:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted net position</u> – This amount is restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> – This amount is the net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position".

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 13, 2018, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by FDIC as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institutions should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. As stipulated by KRS 41.240(4), all deposits are collateralized with eligible securities or other obligations having aggregate current face value or current quoted market value at least equal to the deposits. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4).

As fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$3,423,783 and the bank balance was \$4,114,834. Of the District's bank balance, \$3,614,834 was collateralized as discussed above because it was uninsured, while \$500,000 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, continued

The carrying amounts are reflected in the financial statements as follows:

Reconciliation to Government-wide Statement of Net Position:

Unrestricted cash	\$ 2,698,639
Fiduciary fund cash (not included in government-wide statement)	 725,144
	\$ 3,423,783
	 _
These amounts are reported in the financial statements as follows:	
Governmental activities	\$ 1,458,830
Business-type activities	1,239,809
Fiduciary funds	725,144
	\$ 3,423,783

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2018
Capital assets not depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 1,473,208 -	\$ 9,500 7,000	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 1,482,708 7,000
Total nondepreciable historical cost	1,473,208	16,500		1,489,708
Capital assets depreciated: Building and improvements Land improvements Technology equipment Vehicles General equipment Infrastructure Property under capital lease	50,085,308 164,075 612,091 6,444,093 12,568,444 107,843 589,327	9,500 - - 309,625 6,918 - -	- 15,977 132,800 107,699 - -	50,094,808 164,075 596,114 6,620,918 12,467,663 107,843 589,327
Total depreciable historical cost	70,571,181	326,043	256,476	70,640,748
Less: accumulated depreciation Building and improvements Land improvements Technology equipment Vehicles General equipment Infrastructure Property under capital lease	17,392,279 79,203 609,016 4,711,149 2,710,342 47,893 546,327	1,070,458 8,204 13,702 397,695 871,446 5,392 8,600	- 15,977 132,800 107,699 - -	18,462,737 87,407 606,741 4,976,044 3,474,089 53,285 554,927
Total accumulated depreciation Total depreciable historical cost - net	26,096,209	2,375,497 (2,049,454)	256,476	28,215,230 42,425,518
Governmental activities capital assets - net	\$ 45,948,180	\$ (2,032,954)	\$ -	\$ 43,915,226

The balance in construction in progress is not shown on the Annual Financial Report of the District.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS, continued

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities

Instruction	\$ 1,920,904 267
	267
Student	201
Instructional staff	14,712
District administration	23,868
School administration	7,070
Business	718
Plant operation and maintenance	37,377
Student transportation	370,453
Community service activities	128

\$ 2,375,497

	Balance			Balance
Business-Type Activities	July 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2018
Capital assets depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 3,034,646	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,034,646
Technology equipment	15,226	-	-	15,226
General equipment	1,021,408		6,800	1,014,608
Total depreciable historical cost	4,071,280		6,800	4,064,480
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	952,226	47,453	-	999,679
Technology equipment	13,659	-	-	13,659
General equipment	807,530	36,805	6,800	837,535
Total accumulated depreciation	1,773,415	84,258	6,800	1,850,873
Business-type activities,				
capital assets - net	\$ 2,297,865	\$ (84,258)	\$ -	\$ 2,213,607

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as lease and bonded debt obligations represents the District's future obligations to make payments related to school building revenue bonds issued by the Graves County School District Finance Corporation on behalf of the District for purposes of school facility construction. These amounts are not reflected in the fund financial statements.

		Maturity			Balance
Issue Date	 Proceeds	Dates	Rates	Ju	ne 30, 2018
2009R	\$ 1,525,000	2020	2.50% - 3.70%	\$	365,000
2011R	10,965,000	2023	2.00% - 3.125%		6,135,000
2013	8,395,000	2029	1.20% - 4.00%		6,305,000
2014	9,135,000	2035	1.00% - 3.55%		8,445,000
2015	1,620,000	2026	.45% - 2.10%		1,305,000

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund), is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Graves County School District Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding. Upon completion of such payments, the leased premises should become property of the District. The District is obligated to maintain property insurance on the school facilities, and the school facilities have been pledged as security to the holders of the bonds.

In 1991, the District entered into "participation agreements" with the School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table that follows sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity, and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2018 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS, continued

	Graves	County	Kentucky S	chool Facility		
	School	District	Construction	Commission	To	tal
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2019	\$ 1,535,683	\$ 419,451	\$ 764,317	\$ 228,422	\$ 2,300,000	\$ 647,873
2020	1,577,870	387,029	782,130	210,483	2,360,000	597,512
2021	1,628,305	346,649	601,695	190,231	2,230,000	536,880
2022	1,684,565	302,238	615,435	176,492	2,300,000	478,730
2023	1,749,028	254,424	630,972	160,956	2,380,000	415,380
2024-2028	3,069,466	842,587	2,790,534	568,536	5,860,000	1,411,123
2029-2033	2,284,926	412,423	1,365,074	194,989	3,650,000	607,412
2034-2035	1,038,189	55,159	436,811	23,064	1,475,000	78,223
	\$ 14,568,032	\$3,019,960	\$ 7,986,968	\$ 1,753,173	\$22,555,000	\$ 4,773,133

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS, continued

Changes in the bond issues during the year are summarized below:

Bonds payable:	Balance July 1, 2017	New Issues/ Adjustments	Debt Payments/ Refunds	Balance June 30, 2018	Due within One Year
Revenue bonds	\$ 24,785,000	\$ -	\$ 2,230,000	\$ 22,555,000	\$ 2,300,000
Less premium (discount)	(95,987)		(5,272)	(90,715)	
Total bonds payable	24,689,013		2,224,728	22,464,285	2,300,000
Other liabilities: Compensated absences					
Governmental	395,309	-	60,850	334,459	-
Business-type	18,496	26,087		44,583	
Total other liabilities	413,805	26,087	60,850	379,042	
Totals	\$ 25,102,818	\$ 26,087	\$ 2,285,578	\$ 22,843,327	\$ 2,300,000

As explained in Note 1, payments on the District's bonds are made by the Debt Service Fund. The compensated absences will be liquidated by the General Fund.

NOTE 5 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Upon retirement from the school system, employees will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be funded with current year's economic financial resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "accrued sick leave payable" in the General Fund. Management has estimated the amount for governmental activities will be approximately \$334,459 with \$-0- considered the short-term portion. Management has estimated the amount for business-type activities will be approximately \$44,583 with \$-0- considered the short-term portion.

NOTE 6 – FUND BALANCE REPORTING

The following is a summary of designations of Fund Balance at June 30, 2018:

			S	pecial	С	ther	
	(General	Re	evenue	Gove	rnmental	
		Fund		Fund	F	unds	 Total
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Restricted:							
Capital Outlay Fund		-		-	1	80,867	180,867
Construction Fund		-		-	2	213,691	213,691
District Activity Fund		-		-		18,261	18,261
Assigned:							
Site based carry forward		-		-		-	-
Committed:							
Sick leave		149,000		-		-	149,000
Unassigned		1,282,978					 1,282,978
	\$	1,431,978	\$	-	\$ 4	12,819	\$ 1,844,797

NOTE 7 – TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	A	mount
General	Special Revenue	Matching funds	\$	80,783
General	Special Revenue	Transfer to FRYSC		8,874
Special Revenue	General	Indirect cost transfer		31,635
Food Service	General	Indirect cost transfer		125,000
Capital Outlay	Debt Service	Debt payments		420,644
Building	Debt Service	Debt payments	1	,506,020
Construction	Construction	Project transfers		218,077
			\$ 2	,391,033

NOTE 8 – DEFICIT OPERATING FUND BALANCES

There are no funds in the District that currently have a deficit balance. However, the following funds had operations that resulted in a current year deficit of revenues over expenditures resulting in a corresponding reduction of fund balance:

Construction	\$ (21,509)
General Fund	(794,287)
Seek Capital Outlay	(35,966)

NOTE 9 – ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The Kentucky State Department of Education has indicated the following amounts were contributed onbehalf of the District for the year ended June 30, 2018:

Health insurance Life insurance	\$ 5,100,409 7,753
Administrative fee	63,632
Health reimbursement account- HRA/dental/vision	239,925
	5,411,719
Federal reimbursements of health benefits	 (151,771)
	 5,259,948
Kentucky Teacher's Retirement System	5,917,737
Technology	75,617
SFCC debt service	 992,258
	\$ 12,245,560

The District is not legally responsible for these contributions. These payments are not required to be budgeted by the District. The total of these payments has been included in revenues, and the applicable expenditure functions in these financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General Fund	\$ 10,986,929
Debt Service Fund	992,258
Business-type activities:	
Food Service Fund	 266,373
	\$ 12,245,560

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pensions based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS")

Plan description – Employees whose positions do not require a college degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

Benefits provided – CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Unreduced retirement Reduced retirement	Before September 1, 2008 27 years' service or 65 years old At least 5 years' service and 55 years old At least 25 years' service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date Unreduced retirement	September 1, 2008 – December 31, 2013 At least 5 years' service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years' service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date Unreduced retirement	After December 31, 2013 At least 5 years' service and 65 years old Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS, continued

Contributions – Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	Required contributions
Tier 1	5%
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% + 1% for insurance

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("KTRS")

Plan description – Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and, therefore, is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/05_publications/index.htm.

Benefits provided – For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1. Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2. Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Employees who retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.0% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service was less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS, continued

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions – Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the KTRS.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 16.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 16.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of net pension liability for KTRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability \$ 14,220,962 Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net

pension liability associated with the District 154,512,637

\$ 168,733,599

The net pension liability of the plan was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.242956%.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS, continued

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,611,616 related to CERS and \$10,998,931 related to KTRS. The District also recognized revenue of \$10,998,931 for KTRS support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of	
County Employees Retirement System (CERS)	Resources			
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	17,639		360,989
Change of assumptions		2,624,153		-
Net differences between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		1,126,283		950,386
Changes in proportion and difference between District contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions		338,007		3,947
District contributions subsequent to the		000,007		0,017
measurement date		884,717		
Total	\$	4,990,799	\$	1,315,322

The amount of \$884,717 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ended	
June 30	
2018	\$ 1,279,467
2019	1,188,845
2020	505,053
2021	(182,605)
2022	-
Thereafter	
Total	\$ 2,790,760

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS, continued

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	CERS	KTRS
Inflation	2.30%	3.00%
Projected salary increases	3.05%	3.50-7.30%
Investment rate of return, net of		
investment expense and inflation	6.25%	7.50%

For CERS, the mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.

The actuarial assumption used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013.

For KTRS, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale AA to 2020 with a setback of 1 year for females. The results of the experience study for the period July 1, 2010 - June 30, 2015 will be reflected in the June 30, 2016 valuation and the June 30, 2017 GASB 67 report.

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2008 through 2013, is outlined in a report dated April 30, 2014. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS, continued

11	D:I	0047
Measurement	Perion	7017

Wedstrement i ched 2017		
	Target	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
US equity	17.50%	5.97%
International equity*	17.50%	7.85%
Global bonds	4.00%	2.63%
Global credit	2.00%	3.63%
High yield	7.00%	5.75%
Emerging market debt	5.00%	5.50%
Private credit	10.00%	8.75%
Real estate*	5.00%	7.63%
Absolute return	10.00%	5.63%
Real return*	10.00%	6.13%
Private equity	10.00%	8.25%
Cash	2.00%	1.88%
Total	100.0%	

^{*} Long-Term Expected Real Rates of Return may vary by plans depending on the risk tolerance of the plan.

For KTRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by KTRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Measurement Period 2017		
	Target	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. equity	42.00%	4.40%
International equity	20.00%	5.30%
Fixed income	16.00%	1.50%
Additional categories*	9.00%	3.60%
Real estate	5.00%	4.40%
Private equity	6.00%	6.70%
Cash	2.00%	0.80%
Total	100.00%	

^{*}Includes hedge funds, high yield and non-US developed bonds.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS, continued

Discount rate – For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the measurement periods with year ended June 30, 2017 was 6.25%, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 26-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarial determined contribution rate is adjusted to reflect the phase in of anticipated gains on actuarial value of assets over the first four years of the projection period. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan employees were projected through 2117. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return for the year ended June 30, 2017 of 6.25%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For KTRS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.49%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the Employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates, and the additional amounts appropriated for fiscal years 2017 and 2018. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members until the 2040 plan year. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments through 2039 and a municipal bond index rate of 3.01% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments after 2039. The Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) that discounts the entire projected benefit stream to the same amount as the sum of the present values of the two separate benefit payments streams was used to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of CERS and KTRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

	Current Discount							
	1% De	ecrease		Rate	1% Increase			
CERS	5.	25%		5.25%		5.25% 7.259		25%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 17,9	935,706	\$	14,220,962	\$ 11,1	13,606		
KTRS	3.	49%		4.49%	5.4	19%		
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-		

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of CERS and KTRS.

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

General Information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous OPEB Plan

Plan description: County Employees Retirement System consists of two plans, Non-Hazardous and Hazardous. Each plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS) under the provision of Kentucky Revised Statute 61.645. The plan covers all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous and hazardous duty positions of each participating county, city and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in CERS. The District participates in the Non-Hazardous plan.

Benefits provided: The KRS' Insurance Fund was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from CERS. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. KRS submits the premium payments to DEI. The Board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan. The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance.

The amount of contribution paid by the Insurance Fund is based on years of service. For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Portion Paid by Insurance Fund				
Years	Paid by			
of	Insurance			
Service	Fund (%)			
20+ Years	100.00%			
15-19 Years	75.00%			
10-14 Years	50.00%			
4-9 Years	25.00%			
< 4 Years	0.00%			

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 Kentucky General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participating on, or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of 10 years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on, or after July 1, 2003, earn \$10 per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. Hazardous employees whose participation began on, or after July 1, 2003 earn \$15 per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. Upon death of a hazardous employee, the employee's spouse receives \$10 per month for insurance benefits for each year of the deceased employee's earned hazardous service. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually, which is currently 1.5% based upon Kentucky Revised Statutes. This benefit is not protected under the inviolable contract provisions of KRS 61.692. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce this benefit if, in its judgement, the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands.

NOTE 11 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

There was no legislation enacted during the 2017 legislative session that had a material change in benefit provisions for either system.

Contributions: The employee contribution rate is set by state statute. Non-Hazardous employees contribute 5%. Employees hired on or after September 1, 2018, contribute an additional 1% to health insurance.

The employer contribution rates are set by the KRS Board under Kentucky Revised Statute 61.565 based on an annual actuarial valuation, unless altered by legislation enacted by the Kentucky General Assembly. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, participating employers contributed 19.18% (14.48% pension fund and 4.70% insurance fund) and 18.68% (13.95% pension fund and 4.73% insurance fund), respectively, of each employee's creditable compensation. The actuarially determined rates set by the Board for the fiscal years was a percentage of each employee's creditable compensation. Contribution to the insurance fund from the District was \$287,167 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

The District has met 100% of the contribution funding requirement for the year ended June 30, 2018. Total current year contributions recognized by the plan were \$287,167 for the year ended June 30, 2018. The OPEB contribution amount does not include the implicit subsidy reported in the amount of \$59,694.

General Information about the Teachers' Retirement System of Kentucky OPEB Plan

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

Medical Insurance Plan (MIF)

Plan description – In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide postemployment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

NOTE 11 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

Benefits provided – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund (MIF) offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions – In order to fund the postretirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three and three quarters percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the Kentucky School District reported a liability of \$4,894,247 for CERS and \$19,573,000 for KTRS for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion for CERS was .242956% and KTRS was .302118%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

			Med	dical Insurance
				Fund
		CERS		KTRS
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	4,884,247	\$	10,773,000
State's proportionate share of net OPEB				
liability associated with the District		-		8,800,000
Total	\$	4,884,247	\$	19,573,000
Total	<u> </u>	1,001,217	<u> </u>	10,010,000

NOTE 11 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$556,578 for CERS and \$1,274,000 for KTRS and revenue of \$573,000 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

		CE		Medical Insurance Fund KTRS				
	Deferred Defer			Deferred	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources		Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual								
experience	\$	-	\$	13,566	\$	-	\$	139,000
Changes of assumptions		-		230,827		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual								
earnings on pension plan investments	1,06	2,781		-		-		-
Changes in proportion and differences								
between District contributions and								
proportionate share of contributions		-		11,332		-		-
District contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date	28	7,167		-		-		-
Total	\$ 1,34	9,948	\$	255,725	\$	-	\$	139,000

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$287,167 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Years		
Ending		
June 30	CERS	 KTRS
2018	\$ 138,862	\$ -
2019	138,862	(35,000)
2020	138,862	(35,000)
2021	138,862	(35,000)
2022	196,569	(34,000)
Thereafter	55,039	-
Total	\$ 807,056	\$ (139,000)

NOTE 11 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

Actuarial assumptions: The total CERS OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date June 30, 2017

Payroll growth rate 2.00% Inflation 2.30%

Salary increase 3.05%, Average

Investment rate of return 6.25%

Healthcare cost trend Initial trend starting at 7.25% at January 1, 2019 and gradually

rates (pre-65) decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period

of 13 years

Healthcare cost trend Initial trend starting at 5.10% at January 1, 2019 and gradually

rates (post-65) decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period

of 11 years

Actuarial assumptions: The total TRS OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return 8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Projected salary increases 3.50-7.20%, including inflation

Inflation rate 3.00%
Real wage growth 0.50%
Wage inflation 3.50%

Healthcare cost trend rates

Under 65 7.75% for FY 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00%

by FY 2023

Ages 65 and older 5.75% for FY 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00%

by FY 2020

Medicare Part B premiums 1.02% for FY 2017 with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2029

Municipal bond index rate 3.56% Discount rate 8.00%

Single equivalent interest rate 8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

For CERS, the mortality for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (male mortality rates are multiplied by 50% and female mortality rates are multiplied by 30%). The mortality table for healthy retired members and beneficiaries is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (female mortality rates are set back on year). The mortality table for disabled members is the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (male mortality rates are set back four years). There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.

For TRS, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2016 valuation.

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimated ranges of expected future real returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

NOTE 11 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Nominal Return
US equity	17.50%	5.97%
International equity*	17.50%	7.85%
Global bonds	4.00%	2.63%
Global credit	2.00%	3.63%
High yield	7.00%	5.75%
Emerging market debt	5.00%	5.50%
Private credit	10.00%	8.75%
Real estate*	5.00%	7.63%
Absolute return	10.00%	5.63%
Real return*	10.00%	61.30%
Private equity	10.00%	8.25%
Cash	2.00%	1.88%
Total	100.00%	

^{*}Long-Term Expected Real Rates of Return may vary by plans depending on the risk tolerance

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 11 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	30 Year Expected Geometric Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global equity	60.00%	5.10%
Fixed income	9.00%	1.20%
Real estate	4.50%	4.00%
Private equity	5.50%	6.60%
High yield	10.00%	4.30%
Other additional categories*	10.00%	3.30%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.00%	0.50%
Total	100.00%	

^{*}Modeled as 50% high yield and 50% bank loans.

Discount rate: For the CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.84% for non-hazardous and 5.96% for hazardous. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on the OPEB plan investments of 6.25% and a municipal bond rate of 3.56%, as reported in the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2017. Future contributions are projected in accordance with the Board's current funding policy, which includes the requirement that each participating employer in the System contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate, which is determined using a closed funding period (26 years as of June 30, 2017) and the actuarial assumptions and methods adopted by the Board of Trustees.

Period of projected benefit payments- Current assets, future contributions and investment earnings are projected to be sufficient to pay the projected benefit payments from the retirement system. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy is not currently being included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trust. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

For KTRS, the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 11 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the CERS and TRS net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following present's the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.84% for non-hazardous and 4.96% for hazardous) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.84% for non-hazardous and 6.96% for hazardous) than the current rate:

			Current	
	1%		Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate		 Increase
	4.84%	5.84%		 6.84%
CERS	\$ 6,214,933	\$	4,884,247	\$ 3,776,906
	7.00%		8.00%	 9.00%
KTRS - MIF	\$ 22,793,000	\$	19,573,000	\$ 16,892,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the CERS and TRS net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cast trend rates: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Current		
		H	Healthcare		
	1%		Cost	1%	
	 ecrease	Trend Rate		 Increase	
CERS	\$ 3,746,469	\$	4,884,247	\$ 6,363,291	
KTRS	16,392,000		19,573,000	23,500,000	

Changes of assumptions: Subsequent to the actuarial valuation date, but prior to the measurement dates, the KRS Board of Trustees adopted updated actuarial assumptions which will be used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. Specifically, total CERS OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 is determined using a 2.30% price inflation assumption and an assumed rate of return of 6.25%.

Payable to the OPEB plan: At June 30,2018, the District reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the CERS OPEB plan required for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Kentucky Retirement Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report on the KRS website at www.kyret.ky.gov.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Grant Programs

The District receives funding from federal, state and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if, based on the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantor may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

KSBIT

The District was notified in fiscal year 2014 by the Kentucky School Board Insurance Trust of a \$592,117 liability for workers' compensation losses incurred by the Trust. The District made a down payment of \$181,842 in August 2014. The District chose to pay the remaining liability of \$410,275 in six installments beginning August 15, 2015. The entire unpaid balance of the assessment is due and payable in full on August 15, 2020. The unpaid balance of \$137,463 is recorded as a liability of the District.

NOTE 13 – RISK MANAGEMENT AND LITIGATION

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omissions and general liability coverage, the District purchases commercial insurance.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards' Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, the risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks to loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

From time to time, the District is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and legal counsel that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the District's financial statements.

NOTE 14 - COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss.

The District has notified all terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage as mandated by COBRA.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 15 – LEASE AGREEMENT

The District ("Lessor") entered into a lease agreement with the Murray Head Start Program ("Lessee"), whereby the lessee agreed to pay the lessor \$212,000 as an advance for the term of the lease. These funds were received by the District in fiscal year ended June 30, 2004 and were reported as current revenues in the General Fund financial statements and unearned revenue in the government-wide financial statements.

The initial term of the lease agreement began on August 1, 2004, and ended on July 31, 2005. It is automatically renewable for 29 consecutive one year options at no additional cost. Under its terms, the lessor shall provide space including maintenance, utilities, insurance and custodial services, for all children participating in the Murray Head Start Program. The intent of the parties is for the Murray Head Start Program to conduct activities over the stated 29-year period. Accordingly, rental income is being recognized annually over this period of time.

NOTE 16 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2018 were as follows:

	lr	nterfund	l:	nterfund
	R	eceivable	F	Payable
General Fund	\$	245,523	\$	-
Special Revenue Fund				92,171
Day Care Fund				153,352
	\$	245,523	\$	245,523

For the purpose of the government wide Statement of Net Position, governmental fund interfund accounts have been eliminated.

NOTE 17 – ADOPTION OF NEW ACCOUTNING PRONOUCEMENTS

During fiscal year 2018, the District adopted the following accounting pronouncements:

- GASB Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements, issued March 2016.
- GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017, issued March 2017.
- GASB Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, issued May 2017.

Adoption of these statements did not have a significant impact on the District's financial position or results of operations.

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits
Other Than Pensions, issued on June 2015 aims to improve financial reporting by state and
local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment
benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local government
employers regarding financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 17 - ADOPTION OF NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS, continued

Adoption of this statement had a significant impact on the District's financial position. As a result, the District restated the July 1, 2017 net position in the amount of (\$14,497,057) as outlined below.

	Beginning Balance	As Restated	GASB 75 Adjustment
Statement of Activities			
Governmental Activities	\$ 16,564,873	\$ 2,662,204	\$ 13,902,669
Statement of Revenues, Expenses			
and Changes in Net Position			
School Food Services Fund	1,981,062	1,386,674	594,388
Total			\$ 14,497,057

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgete	ed Am	nounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original		Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES	Original		ı ıııaı	Notdai	(Offiavorable)
From local sources:					
Taxes					
Property	\$ 6,191,166	\$	5,964,750	\$ 5,821,442	\$ (143,308)
Motor vehicle	981,000	,	1,100,000	955,690	(144,310)
Utilities	1,545,500		1,520,000	1,568,227	48,227
Other	250,000		275,000	259,127	(15,873)
Student activities	26,000		25,000	21,685	(3,315)
Earnings on investments	24,000		48,000	60,533	12,533
Other local revenues	307,082		486,844	568,548	81,704
Intergovernmental - state	24,124,414		24,501,346	27,577,440	3,076,094
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	200,000		348,577	394,369	45,792
Total revenues	33,649,162		34,269,517	37,227,061	2,957,544
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction	20,107,605		20,684,104	23,237,595	(2,553,491)
Support services:					
Student	2,434,584		2,558,630	2,889,615	(330,985)
Instructional staff	1,333,959		1,054,580	1,004,480	50,100
District administration	2,742,605		2,522,735	1,415,214	1,107,521
School administration	2,222,679		2,267,774	2,520,280	(252,506)
Business	571,150		600,128	625,025	(24,897)
Plant operation and maintenance	3,525,559		3,507,957	3,498,682	9,275
Student transportation	3,002,512		2,919,926	2,989,489	(69,563)
Community service activities	-		5,757	3,480	2,277
Land improvements/acquisition	183,589		-	-	-
Debt service	214,080		80,763		80,763
Total expenditures	36,338,322		36,202,354	38,183,860	(1,981,506)
Excess (deficit) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(2,689,160)		(1,932,837)	(956,799)	976,038
Other financing sources (uses)					
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	-		11,750	95,534	83,784
Operating transfers in	44,873		41,489	156,635	115,146
Operating transfers out	(99,790)		(99,790)	(89,657)	10,133
Total other financing sources (uses)	(54,917)		(46,551)	162,512	209,063
Net change in fund balance	(2,744,077)		(1,979,388)	(794,287)	1,185,101
Fund balance, July 1, 2017	2,744,077		1,979,388	2,226,265	246,877
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$ -	\$		\$ 1,431,978	\$ 1,431,978

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

REVENUES	Budgete	d Amount Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
From local sources:				(2 2 2 2 2 2 7
Other local revenues	\$ (460)	\$ 23,250	\$ 12,843	\$ (10,407)
Intergovernmental - state	1,961,227	1,682,322	1,762,176	79,854
Intergovernmental - federal	2,253,624	2,326,682	2,198,299	(128,383)
morgovommerican roadian	2,200,021		2,100,200	(120,000)
Total revenues	4,214,391	4,032,254	3,973,318	(58,936)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction	2,720,913	2,628,364	2,575,305	53,059
Support services:				
Student	68,803	114,425	100,159	14,266
Instructional staff	1,018,319	830,493	831,508	(1,015)
District administration	(5,075)	-	383	(383)
Business	15,839	17,439	7,909	9,530
Student transportation	49,588	87,566	92,400	(4,834)
Community services	426,144	423,052	423,676	(624)
Total expenditures	4,294,531	4,101,339	4,031,340	69,999
Excess (deficit) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(80,140)	(69,085)	(58,022)	11,063
Other financing sources (uses) Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets		_		_
Operating transfers in	104,149	100,581	89,657	(10,924)
Operating transfers out	(27,064)	(31,496)	(31,635)	(139)
Operating transfers out	(27,004)	(31,430)	(31,033)	(100)
Total other financing sources (uses)	77,085	69,085	58,022	(11,063)
Net change in fund balance	(3,055)	-	-	-
Fund balance, July 1, 2017				
Fund balance, June 30, 2018	\$ (3,055)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – BUDGET AND ACTUAL JUNE 30, 2018

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than GAAP. Differences between the budgetary accounting method and GAAP are not material.

In accordance with state law, the District prepares a general school budget based upon the amount of revenue to be raised by local taxation, including the rate of levy and from estimates of other local, state and federal revenues. The budget contains estimated expenditures for current expenses, debt service, capital outlay and other necessary expenses. The budget must be approved by the Board.

The District must formally and publicly examine estimated revenues and expenses for the subsequent fiscal year by January 31 of each calendar year.

Additionally, the District must prepare an annual allocation to schools by March 1 of each year for the following fiscal year. This allocation must include the amount for certified and classified staff based on the District's staffing policy and the amount for instructional supplies, materials, travel and equipment.

Additionally, the District must adopt a tentative working budget for the subsequent fiscal year by May 30 of each year. This budget must contain a 2% reserve.

The General Fund FY 18 budget include \$10,986,929 of state payments on behalf of District employees for retirement and health benefits, technology and debt service.

Finally, the District must adopt a final working budget and submit it to the Kentucky Department of Education by September 30 of the current fiscal year.

The Board has the ability to amend the working budget. The working budget was amended during the year.

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2018

County Employees Retirement System

	2018	 2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of net pension liability	0.242956%	0.238620%	0.226630%	0.226742%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 14,220,962	\$ 11,748,778	\$ 9,743,869	\$ 7,520,200
State's proportionate share of net pension liability associated with the District				
Total	\$ 14,220,962	\$ 11,748,778	\$ 9,743,869	\$ 7,520,200
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,109,927	\$ 5,974,914	\$ 5,756,421	\$ 5,278,202
District's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	232.75%	196.64%	169.27%	142.48%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	53.30%	55.50%	59.97%	66.80%

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS TO PENSION PLAN JUNE 30, 2018

County Employees Retirement System

	 2018	2017	2016	 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 884,717	\$ 1,116,113	\$ 982,046	\$ 932,674
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	884,717	 1,116,113	982,046	932,674
Contribution deficiency	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,109,927	\$ 5,974,914	\$ 5,278,202	\$ 5,278,202
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.48%	18.68%	18.61%	17.67%

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2018

Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System

	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of net pension liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of net pension liability associated with the District	\$ 154,512,637	\$ 166,133,398	\$ 130,876,133	\$ 115,182,631
Total	\$ 154,512,637	\$ 166,133,398	\$ 130,876,133	\$ 115,182,631
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 18,440,182	\$ 19,061,197	\$ 18,188,450	\$ 17,925,102
District's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	39.83%	35.22%	42.49%	45.59%

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS TO PENSION PLAN JUNE 30, 2018

Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System

	2018	 2017	2016	 2015
Contractually required contribution - On behalf payments - KDE	\$ 5,917,737	\$ 2,733,577	\$ 2,706,697	\$ 2,714,315
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 5,917,737	2,733,577	 2,706,697	 2,714,315
Contribution deficiency	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _	\$
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 18,440,182	\$ 19,061,197	\$ 18,188,450	\$ 17,925,102
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	32.09%	14.34%	14.88%	15.14%

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION PLANS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (NONHAZARDOUS)

Changes in assumptions and benefit terms

2017: Since the prior measurement date, the demographic and economic assumptions that affect the measurement of the total pension liability have been updated as follows

- The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.50% to 7.25%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.30%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.05%.

NOTE 2 - KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Changes of benefit terms - None

Changes of assumptions

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, 2017. The following actuarial methods and assumptions are used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level of percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 27.4 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.50 to 7.30 percent, including inflation

Ultimate Investment rate of return* 7.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

Including inflation

*The actuarially determined contribution rates are determined using the interest smoothing methodology adopted by the Board.

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2018

County Employees Retirement System

		2018
District's proportion of net OPEB liability (asset)	0.	.242956%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	4,884,247
District's covered - employee payroll	\$	6,109,927
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		79.94%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		52.40%

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2018

County Employees Retirement System

	2018
Contractually required OPEB contribution	\$ 287,167
Contributions in relation to the	
contractually required contribution	 287,167
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,109,927
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	4.70%

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2018

Medical Insurance (KTRS)

	2018
District's proportion of collective net OPEB liability (asset)	0.000000%
District's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 10,773,000
State's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	 8,800,000
Total	\$ 19,573,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 18,440,182
District's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	106.14%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	21.18%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year determined as of June 30.

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2018

Medical Insurance (KTRS)

		2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	422,815
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		422,815
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 18	8,440,182
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		2.29%

NOTE 1 - COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (NON-HAZARDOUS

Changes in assumptions and benefits

2017: Since the prior measurement date, the demographic and economic assumptions that affect the measurement of the total OPEB liability have been updated as follows:

- The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to 6.25%
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.30%
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.05%

NOTE 2 - KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Changes of benefit terms - With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan (KEHP)—participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the state will only finance, via its KEHP "Shared Responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions - The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2017:

Amortization period 30 years, o	open
---------------------------------	------

Asset valuation method Five-year smoothed value

3.00% Inflation Real wage growth 0.50% Wage inflation 3.50%

Salary increases, including 3.50% - 7.20%

wage inflation

Discount rate 8.00%

Healthcare cost trend rates

Under 65 7.75% for FY 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00%

by FY 2023

Ages 65 and older 5.75% for FY 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00%

by FY 2020

Medicare Part B premiums

Under age 65 claims The current premium changed by KEHP is used as the base cost and is projected forward using only the health care trend

assumption (no implicit rate subsidy is recognized).

1.02% for FY 2017 with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2029

NOTE 2 - KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM, continued

Life Insurance Plan

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan – TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars' payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars' payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2018, the Kentucky School District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

KTRS	Life	Insurance Fund
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability		440.000
associated with the District		118,000
Total	\$	118,000

NOTE 2 – KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM, continued

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$17,000 and revenue of \$17,000 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Life Insurance Fund						
	Def	ferred	Det	ferred			
	Outf	lows of	Inflo	ows of			
KTRS	Res	ources	Res	ources			
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-			
Net difference between projected and actual							
earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		-			
Changes of assumptions		-		-			
Changes in proportion and differences between							
employer contributions and proportionate share							
of contributions		-		-			
District contributions subsequent to the							
measurement date		-					
Total	\$		\$				

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$0 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Years	
Ending June	
30	
2019	\$ -
2020	-
2021	-
2022	-
2023	-
Thereafter	 -
	\$ -

NOTE 2 - KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM, continued

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Projected salary increases 3.50% - 7.20%, including inflation

Inflation rate 3.00%
Real wage growth 0.50%
Wage inflation 3.50%
Municipal bond index rate 3.56%
Discount rate 7.50%

Single equivalent interest rate 7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2016 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 2 - KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM, continued

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		30 Year
		Expected
	Target	Geometric Real
Asset Class*	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. large cap equity	38.40%	4.30%
U.S. small cap equity	2.60%	4.80%
Developed int'l equity	15.80%	5.20%
Emerging markets equity	4.20%	5.40%
Fixed income - inv grade	16.00%	1.20%
Real estate	6.00%	4.00%
Private equity	7.00%	6.60%
High yield	2.00%	4.30%
Other additional categories**	7.00%	3.30%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.00%	0.50%
Total	100.00%	

^{*}As the LIF investment policy is to change, the above reflects the pension allocation and returns that achieve the target 7.5% long-term rate of return.

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

^{**}Modeled as 50% high yield and 50% bank loans.

NOTE 2 - KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM, continued

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	KTRS - Life Insurance Fund										
	, <u> </u>		Cur	rent Discount							
	1%	Decrease	1% Increase								
		6.50%		7.50%	8.50%						
District's net pension liability	\$	196,000	\$	118,000	\$	54,000					

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

NOTE 2 – KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM, continued

		2018
District's proportion of collective net OPEB liability (asset)		0.00%
District's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	-
State's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated		
with the District		118,000
Total	\$	118,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 18	8,440,182
District's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		79.99%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30.

NOTE 2 - KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM, continued

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - LIFE INSURANCE Teachers' Retirement System of Kentucky

	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 5,176
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 5,176
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 18,440,182
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	0.03%

Schedule is intended to present information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Life Insurance Plan June 30, 2018

<u>Changes of benefit terms</u> – None.

<u>Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions</u>—The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, use to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2017:

Valuation date	June 30, 2014
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percent of payroll
Amortization period	30 years, open
Asset valuation method	Market value
Inflation	3.50%
Real wage growth	0.50%
Wage inflation	4.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	4.00% - 8.10%
Discount rate	7.50%



GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		SEEK Capital FSPK Outlay Fund Fund		Construction Fund		Debt Service Fund			District Activity Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS AND RESOURCES												
Cash and cash equivalents	_\$	-	\$	180,867	\$	213,691	\$	-	\$	18,311	\$	412,869
Total assets and resources	\$	-	\$	180,867	\$	213,691	\$	-	\$	18,311	\$	412,869
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50	\$	50
Total liabilities		-						-	_	50		50
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Spendable:												
Restricted		-		180,867		213,691		-	18,261			412,819
Committed		-		-		-		-	-			-
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-				-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		-		180,867		213,691		-		18,261		412,819
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	-	\$	180,867	\$	213,691	\$	-	\$	18,311	\$	412,869

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		SEEK				Total		
		Capital		Debt	District	Nonmajor		
	FSPK	Outlay	Construction	Service	Activity	Governmental		
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds		
REVENUES								
From local sources:								
Taxes								
Property	\$ 887,384	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 887,384		
Student activities	-	-	-	-	4,500	4,500		
Investment on earnings	-	-	4,287	-	-	4,287		
Other local revenues	-	-	-	-	34,819	34,819		
Intergovernmental - state	618,636	384,678	<u>-</u>	992,258		1,995,572		
Total revenues	1,506,020	384,678	4,287	992,258	39,319	2,926,562		
EXPENDITURES								
Instruction	-	-	-	-	23,498	23,498		
Supporting services								
Plant operation and maintenance	-	-	-	-	(1,443)	(1,443)		
Debt service	-	-	-	2,918,922	-	2,918,922		
Building improvements		-	25,796	-		25,796		
Total expenditures			25,796	2,918,922	22,055	2,966,773		
Excess (deficit) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	1,506,020	384,678	(21,509)	(1,926,664)	17,264	(40,211)		
Other financing sources (uses)								
Operating transfer in	-	-	218,077	1,926,664	-	2,144,741		
Operating transfer out	(1,506,020)	(420,644)	(218,077)			(2,144,741)		
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	(1,506,020)	(420,644)		1,926,664				
Net change in fund balances	-	(35,966)	(21,509)	-	17,264	(40,211)		
Fund balances, July 1, 2017		216,833	235,200		997	453,030		
Fund balances, June 30, 2018	\$ -	\$ 180,867	\$ 213,691	\$ -	\$ 18,261	\$ 412,819		

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND DUE TO STUDENT GROUPS SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	 sh Balance ly 1, 2017	R	Receipts		eipts Disbursements		Cash Balance June 30, 2018		counts eivable	Accounts Payable		 d Balance e 30, 2018
Central Elementary	\$ 19,574	\$	49,455	\$	39,586	\$	29,443	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 29,443
Fancy Farm Elementary	14,878		36,328		39,553		11,653		-		-	11,653
Farmington Elementary	21,843		39,867		35,090		26,620		-		-	26,620
Lowes Elementary	15,699		53,874		33,334		36,239		-		-	36,239
Sedalia Elementary	5,828		28,897		30,475		4,250		-		-	4,250
Symsonia Elementary	46,852		27,865		25,655		49,062		-		-	49,062
Wingo Elementary	17,885		34,192		33,155		18,922		-		-	18,922
Graves County Middle School	36,001		131,438		127,960		39,479		-		-	39,479
Graves County High School	 278,799		989,521		941,490		326,830		-			 326,830
Totals	\$ 457,359	\$ 1	,391,437	\$	1,306,298	\$	542,498	\$		\$	-	\$ 542,498

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND DUE TO STUDENT GROUPS SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS – GRAVES COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Cash Ba July 1,		R	eceipts	Disb	ursements	Balance 30, 2018	counts eivable	Accounts Payable	Stud	Due to lent Groups e 30, 2018
GRAVES COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL:											
General administration	\$	1,694	\$	47,078	\$	32,484	\$ 16,288	\$ -	\$ -	\$	16,288
Credit recovery		-		580		-	580	-	-		580
Youth Service Center		69		150		95	124	-	-		124
School vehicle		2,876		1,710		1,350	3,236	-	-		3,236
Marshall Strong		-		5,310		5,310	-	-	-		-
Counselors' activity		920		1,050		1,601	369	-	-		369
Senior fees		-		12,093		12,092	1	-	-		1
AP funds		1,261		-		1,261	-	-	-		-
Book rent	1	0,803		-		10,803	-	-	-		-
Lost and damaged books		5,110		-		5,110.00	-	-	-		-
Testing fees	1	1,742		11,788		12,549	10,981	-	-		10,981
Science - field trips		639		-		-	639	-	-		639
Language Arts - field trips		1,116		322		383	1,055	-	-		1,055
Calculator rental		4,747		3,653		6,787	1,613	-	-		1,613
Senior Focus - field trips		796		790		938	648	-	-		648
Lead Mentoring-YSC		244		2,700		2,614	330	-	-		330
Student concessions		5,429		16,725		12,671	9,483	-	-		9,483
Staff concessions		89		746		835	-	-	-		-
General (fees)	2	3,158		32,286		14,165	41,279	-	-		41,279
Bank charges		91		322		413	-	-	-		-
Performing Arts Center		8,017		11,604		6,579	13,042	-	-		13,042
Sport's concessions		825		60,223		61,048	-	-	-		-
Athletic administration		5,136		12,020		12,276	4,880	-	-		4,880
General athletics		-		17,767		17,064	703	-	-		703
Tournament account		-		45,469		22,216	23,253	-	-		23,253
Sports revenue		4,003		90,085		94,087	1	-	-		1
Special projects	1	2,241		18,121		13,595	16,767	-	-		16,767
Baseball budget		-		32,539		32,539	-	-	-		-

Continued

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND DUE TO STUDENT GROUPS SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS – GRAVES COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

							Due to
	Cash Balance			Cash Balance	Accounts	Accounts	Student Groups
	July 1, 2017	Receipts	Disbursements	June 30, 2018	Receivable	Payable	June 30, 2018
GRAVES COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL, cont	inued						
Boys basketball activity	2,930	41,715	44,645	-	-	-	-
Elementary basketball	2,671	34,387	36,401	657	-	-	657
Girls' basketball activity	4,624	23,847	27,526	945	-	-	945
Cheerleaders - co-ed	9,621	43,341	52,444	518	-	-	518
Cheerleaders - all girl	3,429	25,120	19,671	8,878	-	-	8,878
Cheerleaders all girls basketball	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cross country activity	4,009	13,705	12,078	5,636	-	-	5,636
Football activity	5,008	57,311	50,850	11,469	-	-	11,469
Football (elem/middle)	139	18,177	18,316	-	-	-	-
Elementary football	3,345	28,459	27,498	4,306	-	-	4,306
Golf	8,456	10,906	12,419	6,943	-	-	6,943
Girls' soccer	-	6,781	6,781	-	-	-	-
Boys' soccer	-	6,255	6,255	-	-	-	-
Softball activity	-	14,097	14,097	-	-	-	-
Tennis	2,635	6,180	5,476	3,339	-	-	3,339
Boys' track	-	9,625	9,625	-	-	-	-
Girls' track	-	1,186	1,186	-	-	-	-
Bowling	4,526	19,308	19,122	4,712	-	-	4,712
Volleyball	671	16,587	16,835	423	-	-	423
Archery	9,732	28,492	25,280	12,944	-	-	12,944
Elementary volleyball	3,601	2,655	6,256	-	-	-	-
Academic Team	-	484	324	160	-	-	160
Agape Club	339	325	172	492	-	-	492
Art	2,260	416	1,312	1,364	-	-	1,364
Leo Club	401	492	673.00	220	-	-	220
Beta Club	-	6,339	5,458	881	-	-	881

Continued

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND DUE TO STUDENT GROUPS SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS – GRAVES COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Cash Balance July 1, 2017	Receipts	Disbursements	Cash Balance June 30, 2018	Accounts Receivable	Accounts Payable	Due to Student Groups June 30, 2018
GRAVES COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL, con	ntinued						
Bookstore	10,088	6,573	6,083	10,578	-	-	10,578
Drama	-	1,741	1,345	396	-	-	396
JKG	1,704	2,355	1,457	2,602	-	-	2,602
Musical Theater	256	2,751	2,404	603	-	-	603
FBLA	-	17,679	17,679	-	-	-	-
DECA	906	25,294	25,643	557	-	-	557
FCA	625	-	30	595	-	-	595
Chess Club	5,298	4,178	1,865	7,611	-	-	7,611
FFA	-	51,400	44,052	7,348.00	-	-	7,348
Equine	8,044	-	3,877	4,167	-	-	4,167
FCCLA	276	9,460	9,736	-	-	-	-
STOP	-	714	714	-	-	-	-
Horticulture	18,725	29,769	20,213	28,281	-	-	28,281
Engineering Club	1,060	140	1,200	-	-	-	-
Interact Club	3,740	654	1,530	2,864	-	-	2,864
Foreign language - French	396	115	260	251	-	-	251
Library	3,555	1,644	3,215	1,984	-	-	1,984
Newspaper	1,122	540	441	1,221	-	-	1,221
Key Club	165	65	85	145	-	-	145
FEA	-	230	-	230	-	-	230
Pep Club	840	1,302	1,719	423	-	-	423
Prom	2,570	10,446	11,722	1,294	-	-	1,294
Science Club	717	115	172	660	-	-	660
Forensics (Speech)	-	3,033	3,033	-	-	-	-
Student Council	1,478	4,677	6,133	22	-	-	22
Spanish Club	1,715	1,637	2,355	997	-	-	997
WGCE	5,818	4,951	7,093	3,676	-	-	3,676
Science Department	701	150	522	329	-	-	329
Yearbook	-	50,538	43,877	6,661	-	-	6,661

Continued

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND DUE TO STUDENT GROUPS SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS – GRAVES COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Cash Balance	Dessists	Diskuussaassats	Cash Balance	Accounts	Accounts	Due to Student Groups
	July 1, 2017	Receipts	Disbursements	June 30, 2018	Receivable	Payable	June 30, 2018
GRAVES COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL, conti	nued						
Young Democrats	2	-	-	2	-	-	2
Young Republicans	140	-	-	140	-	-	140
Young Politicians	-	25	15	10	-	-	10
Agriculture	-	1,252	1,252	-	-	-	-
Art	295	685	750	230	-	-	230
Anatomy & Physiology	111	869	932	48	-	-	48
Business Principles	5	1,106	1,104	7	-	-	7
Sports & Event Management	824	681	636	869	-	-	869
Principles of & Fashion Mkt	850	564	699	715	-	-	715
Engineering Design/Prin Eng	-	930	930	-	-	-	-
GC Publishing	241	-	-	241	-	-	241
Band	23,303	21,852	30,493	14,662	-	-	14,662
Choir class fees	-	130	83	46.7	-	-	47
Choral	-	3,899	3,751	148	-	-	148
Life Skills Class Fee	=	300	-	300	-	-	300
Home Economics	1,799	5,357	6,081	1,075	-	-	1,075
Special Life Skills	206	59	194	71	-	-	71
Language Arts books	490	15	503	2	-	-	2
Photography	2,769	240	488	2,521	-	-	2,521
Foreign language fees	1,263	1,276	917	1,622	-	-	1,622
Orchestra	1,821	37,883	39,704	-	-	-	-
Symphony Orchestra	1,039	10,132	10,813	358	-	-	358
Foreign Language Fees-SP	1,678	4,262	3,482	2,458	-	-	2,458
ROTC	2,249	9,706	7,148	4,807	-	-	4,807
Relay for Life	512	4,111	780	3,843			3,843
	278,799	1,178,806	1,130,775	326,830	-	_	326,830
Transfers in (out)	-	(189,285)	(189,285)	-	-	-	-
Totals	\$ 278,799	989,521	941,490	\$ 326,830	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 326,830

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures			
U.S. Department of Education Passed through State Department of Education:						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010 84.010	310000217 310000216	\$ 839,892 187,838	\$	1,027,730	
Special Education Cluster						
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	381000217	721,773			
	84.027	381000216	90,006			
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	380000217	33,994			
·	84.173	380000216	77		845,850	
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	311000217	59,360			
Migrant Education - State Grant Frogram	84.011	311000217	29,280		88,640	
	0	011000210	20,200		33,313	
Vocational Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	371000217	38,020			
	84.048	371000216	1,974		39,994	
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	330000217			17,309	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	323000217	116,576			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	84.367	323000216	19,044		135,620	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	552D			11,515	
Passed through State Department of Juvenile						
Justice:						
Title I State Agency Program for Neglected and						
Delinquent Children and Youth	84.013	313D	31,640			
	84.013	313C	1		31,641	
Total U. S. Department of Education					2,198,299	
					_	
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through State Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster:						
School Breakfast Program	10.553	776000518	715,483			
School Breaklast i Togram	10.554	776000517	215,889		931,372	
	10.001	77000017	210,000		001,012	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	775000218	1,219,676			
	10.556	775000217	374,293			
Noncash Assistance - Commodities (Note 5)	10.557	Fund 51	206,559		1,800,528	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture					2,731,900	
·					2,101,000	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$	4,930,199	

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Graves County School District (the "District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2, U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE 3 – SUBRECIPIENTS

There were no subrecipients during the fiscal year.

NOTE 4 - INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected to use indirect cost rates as defined by the grantor.

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 5 – COMMODITIES

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the USDA food commodities received and disbursed.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Graves County School District Mayfield, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in *the Independent Auditor's Contract*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Graves County School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any

deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be a significant deficiency (2018-001).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no material instances of noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulations identified in *Appendix II of the Independent Auditor's Contract – State Audit Requirements*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Graves County School District in a separate report dated November 13, 2018.

Graves County School District's Response to Findings

The District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Certified Public Accountants Hopkinsville, Kentucky

November 13, 2018

SANDRA D. DUGUID, CPA
ANNA B. GENTRY, CPA, CFE

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4443 CANTON PIKE HOPKINSVILLE, KY 42240

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Graves County School District Mayfield, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Graves County School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Graves County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Graves County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Graves County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable of any other purpose.

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Certified Public Accountants Hopkinsville, Kentucky

November 13, 2018

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	_ <u>X</u> _ yes	none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	<u>X</u> no
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<u>X</u> no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	X none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?	yes	<u>X</u> no
Identification of major federal programs:		
Program Title		CFDA Number
Child Nutrition Cluster - School Breakfast Program Child Nutrition Cluster - National School Lunch Progran	n	10.553 10.555
Dollar threshold to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000		
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	_ <u>X</u> yes	s no

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

2018-001 – Financial reporting

Condition – There was inadequate design of internal controls over the preparation of financial statements of the District.

Criteria – Statement on Auditing Standards (SAS 115) states that a control deficiency exists when an entity does not have controls in place which would prevent or detect a misstatement in the financial statements.

Effect – There was an increased risk that controls in place might not prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements in the financial statements.

Recommendation – The District should designate an individual who possesses suitable skill, knowledge, and/or experience to review the financial statements, including footnote disclosures, and take responsibility for these financial statements.

Response – Management outsourced the preparation of their financial statements and the related notes to Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC. Management maintained responsibility for the financial statements and related notes and for the establishment of controls over the financial reporting process and acknowledged that outsourcing preparation of the financial statements and related notes does not relieve management of the responsibility for the financial statements. Management provided oversight for the financial statement preparation service by designating an individual within senior management who possesses suitable technical skill, knowledge and experience sufficient to (a) understand the financial statement preparation service enough to be able to provide general direction for the service; (b) understand the key issues the auditor identifies; (c) make any required management decisions; and (d) evaluate the adequacy of, and accept responsibility for, the results of the auditor's work.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None reported

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

2017-001 - Financial Reporting

Condition – There was inadequate design of internal controls over the preparation of financial statements of the District.

Recommendation – The District should designate an individual who possesses suitable skill, knowledge and/or experience to review the financial statements, including footnote disclosures, and take responsibility for these financial statements.

Current Status – The finding was repeated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.



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4443 CANTON PIKE HOPKINSVILLE, KY 42240

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November 13, 2018

Members of the Board of Education Graves County School District Mayfield, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Graves County School District (the "District") for the year ended June 30, 2018, we considered the District's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

However, during our audit, we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiencies. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. A separate report dated November 13, 2018, contains our report on the District's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated November 13, 2018, on the financial statements of the Graves County School District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various District personnel, and their implementation is currently being reviewed. We will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

We performed a follow up on the prior year findings with the status of these findings on pages 102-105 of this report.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management, the members of the Graves County School District, others within the District, the Kentucky Department of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully,

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Duguid, Gentry & Associates, PSC

Certified Public Accountants Hopkinsville, Kentucky

GRAVES COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

LOWES ELEMENTARY

I. Condition – F-SA-18, Donation Acceptance Form, was not properly completed.

Recommendation – F-SA-18, Donation Acceptance Form, should be properly completed stating the purpose of or any restriction on donation received.

Response – Donation form will be completed and filed with the receipt going forward.

GRAVES COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL

I. Condition – F-SA-2B, Fundraiser Worksheet, was not properly completed for the yearbook ad fundraiser.

Recommendation – F-SA-2B, Fundraiser Worksheet, should be properly completed for every fundraiser.

Response – One receipt has not been received, worksheet will be completed when final receipt is received.

CENTRAL ELEMENTARY

I. Condition – Form F-SA-6, Multiple Receipt Form, was not completed properly.

Recommendation – The Multiple Receipt form must be completed when teachers, sponsors, or students collect money, and students third grade and above must sign the Multiple Receipt Form.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

II. Condition – Invoices were not cancelled with check number and date paid.

Recommendation – The check number and date paid should be noted on invoices when payment is made.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

III. Condition – Transfer forms were not used and properly completed prior to transfer of funds.

Recommendation – Form F-SA-10, Transfer Form, should be used and properly completed prior to transfer of funds between activity accounts.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

FANCY FARM ELEMENTARY

I. Condition – F-SA-18, Donation Acceptance Form, was not properly completed for items donated for fundraiser.

Recommendation – F-SA-18, Donation Acceptance Form, should be properly completed stating the purpose of or any restriction on donation received.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

FARMINGTON ELEMENTARY

I. Condition – Cash balances on multiple months of bank reconciliation reports do not agree with monthly financial reports activity accounts total balances.

Recommendation – The Monthly/Annual Financial Report details each school activity account, beginning balances, receipts, expenditures and ending balances and should reconcile to the bank statement.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

FARMINGTON ELEMENTARY, continued

II. Condition – Invoices were not cancelled with check number and date paid.

Recommendation – The check number and date paid should be noted on invoices when payment is made.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

SEDALIA ELEMENTARY

I. Condition – One receipt was issued for multiple receipt forms from 14 teachers.

Recommendation – A pre-numbered receipt should be issued to the payer immediately any time money is received.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

II. Condition – Purchase orders were dated after the invoice date.

Recommendation – Purchase orders should be completed and approved prior to placing the order for merchandise or services.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

SYMSONIA ELEMENTARY

I. Condition – F-SA-18, Donation Acceptance Form, was not properly completed when donations were received.

Recommendation – F-SA-18, Donation Acceptance Form, should be properly completed whenever cash or other items are donated to the school.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

II. Condition - Invoices were not cancelled with check number and date paid.

Recommendation – The check number and date paid should be noted on invoices when payment is made.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

GRAVES COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL

I. Condition – No purchase order completed for payments to sports officials.

GRAVES COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL, continued

Recommendation – If the individual game official's name is not known in advance, complete the purchase order in advance of the event with "to be determined" as the name of the vendor.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

II. Condition – F-SA-18, Donation Acceptance Form, was not properly completed for items donated for fundraiser.

Recommendation – F-SA-18, Donation Acceptance Form, should be properly completed stating the purpose of or any restriction on donation received.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

GRAVES COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

Condition – 4 accounts had no activity during the preceding 12 months and are considered inactive.

Recommendation – If the student organization did not designate in writing how remaining funds shall be disposed, then inactive accounts funds should be transferred to the school activity general account and used for the general benefit of all students.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

II. Condition – \$1,500 cash change fund for athletic events was undeposited at year end and was not kept in a secure location.

Recommendation – The change fund money should be kept in a secure location between games and redeposited at the end of the season.

Current Status – The finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.

III. Condition – Checks were issued without properly approved purchase orders.

Recommendation – Purchase orders should be properly completed and approved by the sponsor and principal before payment is obligated.

Current Status - The finding was repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Response – Training for staff will continue to properly complete purchase orders.

GRAVES COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL, continued

IV. Condition – Form F-SA-1, Requisition and Report of Ticket Sales, was not properly completed.

Recommendation – Form F-SA-1, Requisition and Report of Ticket Sales, is to be used and properly completed to report and reconcile the number of tickets sold and the funds collected.

Current Status – The finding was repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Response – All violations under this area will be addressed by the Athletic Director and every teacher that will be working events. Training will be provided on the proper procedures of filling out this form.

V. Condition – Form F-SA-5, Inventory Control Worksheet, and Form F-SA-17, Sales from Concessions/Bookstore, were not properly completed for bookstore or concessions.

Recommendation – Any stocked items held for resale require the use and proper completion of the Inventory Control Worksheet detailing beginning and ending inventories, quantities, descriptions, values, units of measure and unit selling prices. Form F-SA-17, Sales from Concessions/Bookstore, is to be used each time money is collected from these activities and turned in with the money.

Current Status – The finding was repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018 and 2017.

Response – The Bookstore will be trained on how to properly complete the Inventory Control Worksheet.

VI. Condition – Multiple Receipt Forms were not properly completed.

Recommendation – Multiple Receipt Form should have signatures of third grade and above students who remit money and should be properly completed.

Current Status This finding was not repeated for fiscal year June 30, 2018.